

NR 283 Week 1 Hippocampus Workout

Define the following terms:

	<u>Term</u>	<u>Definition</u>
1	Pathophysiology	
2	Homeostasis	
3	Risk factor	
4	Etiology	
5	Idiopathic	
6	Acute	
7	Chronic	
8	Manifestation	
9	Sign	
10	Symptom	
11	Complication	
12	Exacerbation	
13	Prognosis	
14	Iatrogenic	
15	Gene	
16	Genomics	
17	Autosomal	
18	Genetics	
1	Phenotype	

9		
20	Genotype	
21	Allele	
22	Mutation	
23	Trisomy	
24	Karyotype	
25	Autosomes	
26	Nondisjunction	
27	Translocation	
28	Mosaicism	
29	Atrophy	
30	Hypertrophy	
31	Hyperplasia	
32	Metaplasia	
33	Dysplasia	
34	Anaplasia	
3	Neoplasia	

5		
3 6	Apoptosis	
3 7	Necrosis	
3 8	Gangrene	
3 9	Ischemia	
4 0	Hypoxia	
4 1	Hypoxemia	
4 2	Infarction	

What are the FOUR main components we have to know when studying pathophysiology components.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

SIGN = OBJECTIVE

SYMPTOM = SUBJECTIVE

Examples:	Examples:

How do we prioritize our patient's clinical manifestations? What are some examples of symptoms and signs we would see in each?

A

B

C

Draw a Punnett Square for an autosomal recessive disorder. List examples of autosomal recessive disorders.

How many copies of the mutated gene need to be inherited for recessive disorders?
