

NR 509 Week 2 Quiz 2:

1. While conducting a general survey during a comprehensive physical exam, which of the following findings would most warrant further evaluation of the patient's neurologic status?
 - a. Asymmetric shoulder height
 - b. Disheveled appearance and poor hygiene
 - c. Halitosis and body odor
 - d. Flat affect and monotone speech

2. During the process of differential diagnosis, the NP lists several possible conditions for a patient presenting with fatigue, weight loss, and night sweats. Which of the following best demonstrates the correct use of pertinent positives and negatives?
 - a. Identifying the absence of fever to rule out malignancy
 - b. Noting the presence of lymphadenopathy to support a possible diagnosis of lymphoma
 - c. Assuming a diagnosis based solely on the patient's age and sex.
 - d. Prioritizing the most common condition regardless of symptomatology.

3. A 63-year-old male presents with a 3-day history of productive cough, fever, and fatigue. He reports a 20-year history of smoking. His temperature is 101.8F, respiratory rate is 22, and auscultation reveals crackles in the right lower lung field. A chest x-ray shows consolidation in the right lower lobe. "What information belongs in the assessment section of the EHR?"
 - a. "Patient reports fatigue, fever, and cough with yellow sputum for the past 3 days."
 - b. "Start azithromycin 500mg PO on day1, then 250mg daily for 4 days"
 - c. "Community-acquired pneumonia localized to the right lower lobe"
 - d. "Vital signs notable for fever and tachypnea; crackles auscultated in RLL; cxr shows consolidation"