

Question 12 pts

A 6-year-old female presents to the clinic with sore throat. The point of care test for Group A Streptococcal infection is positive. Which of the following indicates the expected lymphadenopathy presentation in this case?

Group of answer choices



Bilateral, tender, mobile anterior cervical

lymphadenopathy Unilateral, non-tender, fixed occipital

lymphadenopathy Bilateral, non-tender, shotty



supraclavicular lymphadenopathy



Lymphadenopathy is not normally encountered in those diagnosed with Streptococcal Pharyngitis

[Flag question: Question 2](#)

Question 22 pts

Which of the following changes are expected in vision as part of the normal aging process?

Group of answer



choices Cataracts



Glaucoma



Blurring of near

vision Macular

Degeneration

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Question 32 pts

Identify the anatomical structure in this image between both of the examiner's hands and fingertips.



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Group of answer



choices **Cricoid**



cartilage

Thyroid



isthmus



Thyroid

cartilage Hyoid

bone

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Question 42 pts

A 19-year-old African-American female presents to the clinic with moderate to severe right lower quadrant abdominal pain for the last 2 days. She has been experiencing nausea and vomiting but unsure if she has had fever. Which of the following is a possible differential diagnosis?

Group of answer



choices **Appendicitis**



Small Bowel



Obstruction Peritonitis



Diverticulitis

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Question 52 pts



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A 15-day old infant girl is brought to the outpatient clinic by her mother on a Monday morning. The mother is concerned about a rash that seems to have appeared suddenly after she and her infant daughter spent the previous weekend in Florida visiting family. The time of year is August and the house did not have air conditioning. The infant is afebrile, eating and drinking well, and does not appear to be in distress. You note scattered vesicles on an erythematous base involving the infant's face and trunk. Based on the history and physical examination findings, what is the likely diagnosis?

Group of answer



choices Miliaria Rubra



Erythema Toxicum



Milia



Pustular melanosis

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Question 62 pts

A 48-year-old high school librarian comes to your clinic, complaining of 1 week of heavy discharge causing severe itching. She is not presently sexually active and has had no burning with urination. The symptoms started several days after her last period. She just finished a course of antibiotics for a sinus infection. Her past medical history consists of

type 2 diabetes and high blood pressure. She is widowed and has three children. She denies tobacco, alcohol, or drug use. Her mother has high blood pressure and her father died of diabetes complications. On examination you see a healthy appearing woman. Her blood pressure is 130/80 and her pulse is 70. Her head, eyes, ears, nose, throat, cardiac, lung, and abdominal examinations are unremarkable. Palpation of the inguinal lymph nodes is unremarkable. On visualization of the vulva, a thick, white, curdy discharge is seen at the introitus. On speculum examination there is a copious amount of this discharge. The pH of the discharge is 4.1 and the KOH whiff test is negative, with no unusual smell. Wet prep shows budding hyphae. What vaginitis does this patient most likely have?

Group of answer



choices Trichomonas



vaginitis Bacterial



vaginitis **Candida**



vaginitis Atrophic

vaginitis

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Question 72 pts

A 32-year-old female presents with a complaint of a singular breast mass. The nurse practitioner collects a thorough history and physical examination of the client's breast and related systems. Based on the characteristics of a soft, round, mobile, and tender mass, as well as the client's age, select the most likely cause of the breast mass.

Group of answer



choices Cancer



Fibroadenom



a **Cyst**



Fibrocystic breast changes

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Question 82 pts

A 16-year-old female presents with the complaint of acne as represented in this image. When documenting the assessment findings, what is the morphology of the predominant skin lesions?



Group of answer choices



Open and closed



comedones Papules and



pustules

Cysts and comedones



Pustules and nodules

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Question 92 pts

You are observing an infant born at 42-weeks gestation who is able to pull to a stand, uses “mama” and “dada” specifically, and indicates his wants by vocalization and pointing. Where would you place this child's developmental age?

Group of answer



choices 10 months



6 months



8 months



12 months

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Question 102 pts

Which of the following vaccinations are safe during pregnancy? Group of answer choices



MMR



Hepatitis

B

Varicella



Polio

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Question 112 pts

A 50- year-old Caucasian male presents to the clinic with left leg pain that increases with rest and a feeling of warmth in the calf area. During your physical examination, you note erythema and increased warm involving the left posterior lower leg as well as a palpable cord. What diagnosis do you suspect?

Group of answer



choices



Atherosclerosis



Lymphadenopathy



Raynaud's Disease

Thrombophlebitis

[Flag question: Question 12](#)

Question 122 pts

Upon physical examination of an 11-month-old infant, you note the skin findings represented in this image. What is your initial assessment?



Group of answer



choices Infant



psoriasis

Scabies



Tinea



corporis

Atopic dermatitis

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Question 132 pts

Jim is a 60-year-old man who presents with vomiting. He denies seeing any blood with emesis, which has been occurring for 2 days. He does note a dark, granular substance resembling the coffee left in the filter after brewing. What do you suspect?

Group of answer choices



Bleeding from a peptic



ulcer Bleeding from



cholecystitis Bleeding



from a diverticulum

Bleeding from a colon

cancer

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Question 142 pts

A 57-year-old maintenance worker comes to your office for evaluation of pain in his legs. He has smoked two packs per day since the age of 16, but he is otherwise healthy. You are concerned that he may have peripheral vascular disease. Which of the following is part of common or concerning symptoms for the peripheral vascular system?

Group of answer



choices Intermittent



claudication Knee pain



Chest pressure with



exertion Shortness of

breath

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Question 152 pts

You note a painful ulcerative lesion near the medial malleolus, with accompanying hyperpigmentation. Which of the following etiologies is most likely?

Group of answer



choices Arterial



insufficiency Venous



insufficiency Trauma



Neuropathic ulcer

[Flag question: Question 16](#)

Question 162 pts

Which is the proper sequence of examination for the abdomen? Group of answer choices



Inspection, auscultation, percussion,



palpation Auscultation, inspection,



palpation, percussion Auscultation,



percussion, inspection, palpation

Inspection, percussion, palpation,

auscultation

[Flag question: Question 17](#)

Question 17 2 pts