

NR601 Week 6 Quiz - Questions and Answers

1. 1. A 78-year-old with Stage 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) presents with hyperkalemia. Which of the following medications would be most appropriate?

****Answer:**** A. Patiromer (Veltassa)

2. 2. Which is an ATYPICAL presentation of gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) in older adults?

****Answer:**** D. Chronic cough

3. 3. Which of the following medications is most effective for managing moderate to severe GERD and promoting mucosal healing?

****Answer:**** D. Omeprazole (Prilosec)

4. 4. Which of the following medications is recommended for NSAID-induced ulcer prophylaxis when discontinuation of the NSAID is not feasible?

****Answer:**** A. Famotidine (Pepcid)

5. 5. Which of the following symptoms is most characteristic of a gastric ulcer?

****Answer:**** A. Pain that worsens with eating

6. 6. Which of the following BEST describes disease-related malnutrition with inflammation?

****Answer:**** A. Malnutrition resulting from chronic illnesses like cancer or infections that trigger inflammatory responses

7. 7. Which of the following criteria is required for a diagnosis of chronic kidney disease (CKD)?

****Answer:**** D. Structural or functional kidney abnormalities persisting for ≥ 3 months

8. 8. A 70-year-old patient with GERD presents with dysphagia and unintended weight loss. Which of the following diagnostic tests is MOST appropriate?

****Answer:**** D. Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD)

9. 9. Which medication is contraindicated in older adults with a history of biliary disorders or pancreatitis?

****Answer:**** A. Eluxadoline (Viberzi)