

### Question 1

1 / 1 pts

Risk factors for Alcohol Use Disorder include which of the following?

- ☐ A. Family history
- ☐ B. Stressful life events
- ☐ C. Low socioeconomic status
- ☐ D. All of the above
- ☒ E. A & B only

Correct Answer

### Question 2

1 / 1 pts

Artie, a 36 y/o male, comes to the clinic with chief complaint of: intermittent flank one side flank pain. The pain is an 8 on a scale of 1-10, with 10 being the worst pain he has ever felt. He states the pain lasts from 20-60 minutes and that he must either stand or walk when the pain hits. He also notes that he has blood in his urine. All of the following could be risk factors for Artie except:

- ☐ Family history of identical condition
- ☐ Low fluid intake
- ☐ Gout
- ☒ Arthritis

Correct!

### Question 3

1 / 1 pts

Randy is a 29 y/o African American male who has a body mass index (BMI) of 30, does not exercise, and has evidence of metabolic syndrome. The first line treatment for Randy's diagnosis would be:

- ☐ Insulin
- ☐ Actos
- ☒ Metformin
- ☐ Glucotrol

Correct!

### Question 4

1 / 1 pts

When testing an infant for developmental dysplasia of the hip, which of the following tests could be used?

- ☐ Ortolani test
- ☐ Barlow test
- ☐ Galeazzi (Allis) sign
- ☒ All of the above

Correct!



### Question 5

1 / 1 pts

Artie, a 36 y/o male, comes to the clinic with chief complaint of: intermittent flank one side flank pain. The pain is an 8 on a scale of 1-10, with 10 being the worst pain he has ever felt. He states the pain lasts from 20-60 minutes and that he must either stand or walk when the pain hits. He also notes that he has blood in his urine. Treatment of Artie's condition would involve avoiding which of the following foods:

- ☐ A. Rhubarb
- ☐ B. Spinach
- ☐ C. Beets
- ☐ D. Chocolate
- ☒ E. All of the above
- ☐ F. All of the above except D

Correct!

### Question 6

1 / 1 pts

Juan, an 82 y/o male, is brought to the clinic by his daughter with LLQ pain, anorexia, nausea, and vomiting. Palpation of the abdomen reveals a positive rebound tenderness, positive Rovsing's sign, and rigid abdomen. Juan's most likely diagnosis is:

- ☐ PUD
- ☒ Acute diverticulitis
- ☐ Acute pancreatitis

Correct!