Sample of the completed Week 5 Policymaking Assignment:

Name: [redacted] Class: POLI 330 Professor: [Professor Name] Date: [redacted]	
Topic	Every Woman Every Child Initiative
Background Issues Leading to Policy	• This policy was developed in 2010 as part of the United Nation's Millennium Development Goals and launched in 2016 to advance the health outcomes of women, children, and adolescents. • The purpose of this policy is to end preventable deaths and promote better health outcomes for women and children (United Nations, n.d.). • Formed by eight organizations: IDB, PAHO, UNAIDS, UNFPA, UNICEF, UN WOMEN, USAID, and the World Bank. • Health inequity measurements are challenging to obtain. • Funding is limited and is threatened to be eliminated.
Affected Individuals Domestically or Internationally	• From 1996 to 2018, there was a 40% increase in births attended by professional medical personnel (Sanhueza et al., 2022). • Unattended births in 2018 were 20 percent in Peru. • 7 million children younger than 5 years died from preventable diseases in 2011. • 2.5 billion people do not have access to proper sanitation facilities (Kikwete et al., 2013). • Immunizing 90% of children will eliminate preventable diseases.
Sources	Kikwete, J., Jenkins, K., S Whitbread, J. (2013). Playing our part to save children's lives. *The Lancet*, *381*(9880), 1798-9. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(13)60719-9 Sanhueza, A., Carvajal, L., Cueva, D. A., Caffe, S., Camacho, A. V., Berroterán, M.A., Horowitz, D., Gordillo-Tobar, A., Mujica, O. J. (2022). The Every Woman Every Child initiative: Supporting countries in Latin America and the Caribbean to reduce social inequalities in health. *International Journal for Equity in Health*,

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